

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

School Directory

Ministry Number:

351

Principal:

Ross Preece

School Address:

27 Walnut Avenue, Ashburton

School Postal Address:

PO Box 204, Ashburton, 7740

School Phone:

03 308 4193

School Email:

info@ashcoll.school.nz



ASHBURTON COLLEGE

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

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Ashburton College

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management, including the principal and others as directed by the Board, accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Jenny Muss	Hannbal Jores Tkahihifo
Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
	Myslitte
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal (Acting)
30/5/23	30/5/23
Date:	Date:

Ashburton College Members of the Board

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Jen Muir	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2025
Ross Preece	Principal	ex Officio	
Jane Kelly	Parent Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Matt Cassineri	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Coby Snowden	Parent Representative	Co-opted	Sep 2025
Nina Bradford	Parent Representative	Elected	Dec 2023
Michael Clark	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep 2025
Tony Gilbert	Parent Representative	Elected	Dec 2023
Safala Sigaga	Student Representative	Elected	Nov 2023
Jeremy Savage	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Mark Aguila	Parent Representative	Selected	Sep 2022
Chinatsu Hunt	Student Representative	Elected	Nov 2022

Ashburton College Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	13,086,703	10,772,696	11,990,833
Locally Raised Funds	3	930,176	612,741	956,003
Interest Income		52,601	18,750	14,163
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		350	-	957
		14,069,830	11,404,187	12,961,956
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	380,984	297,950	321,336
Learning Resources	4	11,070,048	8,870,220	10,689,749
Administration	5	924,016	711,020	744,123
Finance		16,203	-	14,634
Property	6	1,295,997	1,437,770	1,323,387
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		3,395	-	3,684
	·	13,690,643	11,316,960	13,096,913
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		379,187	87,227	(134,957)
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		379,187	87,227	(134,957)

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Ashburton College Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	-	2,257,386	2,257,386	2,392,343
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education		379,187	87,227	(134,957)
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant		673,289	-	-
Equity at 31 December	-	3,309,862	2,344,613	2,257,386
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		3,309,862	2,344,613	2,257,386
Equity at 31 December		3,309,862	2,344,613	2,257,386

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Ashburton College Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	1,658,917	1,122,574	902,023
Accounts Receivable	8	741,470	830,844	830,844
GST Receivable		93,398	71,437	71,437
Prepayments		23,342	19,872	19,872
Inventories	9	19,914	14,206	14,206
Investments	10	2,129,962	1,495,000	1,482,004
Funds Receivable for Capital Works Projects	17	-	20,606	20,606
, ,	_	4,667,003	3,574,539	3,340,992
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	12	1,140,517	1,102,804	1,102,804
Revenue Received in Advance	13	270,336	204,413	228,974
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	86,739	102,039	102,039
Finance Lease Liability	15	77,475	101,920	112,524
Funds held in Trust	16	174,961	161,994	183,516
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	17	_	36,660	36,660
Funds Held on Behalf of the Ashburton Schools' Transport	18	362,872	161,122	153,115
Funds Held on Behalf of the Alternative Education Cluster	19	26,134	46,988	46,988
	_	2,139,034	1,917,940	1,966,620
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		2,527,969	1,656,599	1,374,372
Non-current Assets				
Investments	10	500	500	500
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	1,077,553	859,852	1,054,852
	-	1,078,053	860,352	1,055,352
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	14	136,993	135,126	135,126
Finance Lease Liability	15 _	159,167	37,212	37,212
		296,160	172,338	172,338
Net Assets	=	3,309,862	2,344,613	2,257,386
Equity		3,309,862	2,344,613	2,257,386

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Ashburton College Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants Locally Raised Funds International Students		4,450,310 850,559 169,193	3,492,569 576,180 12,000	3,708,637 1,043,931 (13,481)
Goods and Services Tax (net) Payments to Employees Payments to Suppliers Interest Received		(21,961) (2,590,206) (2,101,206) 48,492	(1,863,283) (1,858,550) 18,750	19,330 (2,355,616) (1,825,419) 13,922
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		805,181	377,666	591,304
Cash flows from Investing Activities Proceeds from Sale of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangible Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) Purchase of Investments Net cash (to)/from Investing Activities	es)	350 (129,963) (647,958) (777,571)	(120,000) (12,996) (132,996)	957 (133,319) (13,426) (145,788)
Cash flows from Financing Activities Furniture and Equipment Grant Finance Lease Payments Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		673,289 (136,010) 192,005 729,284	(10,604) (13,515) (24,119)	(140,902) (76,768) (217,670)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		756,894	220,551	227,846
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	902,023	902,023	674,177
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	1,658,917	1,122,574	902,023

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Ashburton College Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

1.1. Reporting Entity

Ashburton College (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

1.2. Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical Maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 14.



Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 15. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 24b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

1.3. Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period to which they relate. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programmes are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period to which they relate. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and recognised as revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

1.4. Operating Lease Payments



Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

1.5. Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

1.6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

1.7. Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The school's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

1.8. Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of canteen and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

1.9. Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

1.10. Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements funded by the Board to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, except for library resources, are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building improvements
Furniture and equipment
Information and communication technology
Motor vehicles
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease

15-40 years 5–15 years 4–5 years 5 years 3-5 years

12.5% Diminishing value

1.11. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Library resources

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

1.12. Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

1.13. Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period in which they arise.

1.14. Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

1.15. Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

1.16. Funds held for Capital Works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

1.17. Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the Resource Teachers of Learning & Behaviour programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

1.18. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside the day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a variety of periods in accordance with the conditional assessment of each area of the school. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

1.19. Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investments' fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

1.20. Borrowings

Borrowings, on normal commercial terms, are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

1.21. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

1.22. Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

1.23. Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	4,195,693	3,419,589	3,625,275
Teachers' Salaries Grants	8,162,212	6,580,200	7,818,596
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	454,023	672,000	418,400
Other Government Grants	274,775	100,907	128,562
	13,086,703	10,772,696	11,990,833

The School has opted in to the donations scheme for this year. Total amount received was \$188,850 (2021: \$184,950).

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

, and the second	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	125,130	67,741	118,910
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	143,509	35,500	121,253
Trading	352,337	292,500	315,197
Other Revenue	44,396	20,000	71,916
Transport Revenue	228,957	185,000	314,145
International Student Fees	35,847	12,000	14,582
	930,176	612,741	956,003
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	50,321	29,500	34,808
Trading	298,651	243,500	255,285
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	3,727	2,000	3,234
International Student - Student Recruitment	5,419	5,000	2,100
International Student - Employee Benefit - Salaries	18,317	16,000	23,238
International Student - Other Expenses	4,549	1,950	2,671
	380,984	297,950	321,336
Surplus / (Deficit) for the year Locally raised funds	549,192	314,791	634,667

During the year the School hosted 1 International student (2021:1)

4. Learning Resources

	ual
Actual (Unaudited) Act	·uai
\$ \$	À
Curricular 808,410 709,313 7	64,670
Equipment Repairs 476 18,600	5,686
Information and Communication Technology 152,241 141,000 1	49,000
Library Resources 8,939 19,697	5,905
Employee Benefits - Salaries 9,722,964 7,629,438 9,3	72,071
Depreciation 344,478 315,000 3	56,239
Staff Development 32,540 37,172	36,178
11,070,048 8,870,220 10,6	89,749

5. Administration

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	12,138	11,944	11,784
Board Fees	4,757	6,500	4,909
Board Expenses	52,405	32,399	65,491
Communication	20,292	22,000	21,537
Consumables	60,958	55,000	57,109
Other	70,542	55,190	62,632
Employee Benefits - Salaries	663,901	487,587	484,470
Insurance	24,623	26,000	22,599
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	14,400	14,400	13,592
	924,016	711,020	744,123

6. Property

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	25,903	19,750	16,519
Consultancy and Contract Services	2,806	2,500	2,653
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	(13,433)	30,000	238,214
Grounds	19,707	16,500	13,809
Heat, Light and Water	275,343	199,250	168,340
Rates	26,512	26,000	25,377
Repairs and Maintenance	116,596	104,885	54,589
Use of Land and Buildings	454,023	672,000	418,400
Security	27,014	28,500	30,714
Employee Benefits - Salaries	361,526	338,385	354,772
	1,295,997	1,437,770	1,323,387

The Use of Land and Buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2022	2022	2021
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	1,658,917	1,122,574	902,023
Cash and Cash Equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	1,658,917	1,122,574	902,023

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$1,658,917 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$362,872 is held by the School on behalf of the Ashburton Schools' Transport Network cluster. See note 18 for details of how the funding received for the cluster has been spent in the year.

Of the \$1,658,917 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$26,134 is held by the School on behalf of the Alternative Education cluster. See note 19 for details of how the funding received for the cluster has been spent in the year.

8. Accounts Receivable

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	17,327	27,464	27,464
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	-	114,086	114,086
Interest Receivable	4,956	847	847
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	719,187	688,447	688,447
	741,470	830,844	830,844
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	22,283	28,311	28,311
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	719,187	802,533	802,533
	741,470	830,844	830,844
9. Inventories	0000	0000	0004
	2022	2022	2021
	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
	Actual \$	(Onaudited)	Actual
0.1	,	•	\$
School Uniforms	16,923	11,560	11,560
Canteen	2,991	2,646	2,646
	19,914	14,206	14,206

10. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
Current Asset	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
	,	4 405 000	•
Short-term Bank Deposits	2,129,962	1,495,000	1,482,004
Non-current Asset			
Shares	500	500	500
Total Investments	2,130,462	1,495,500	1,482,504

The College holds ATS shares as part of normal trading arrangements.

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2022	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	331,672	-	-	-	(19,400)	312,272
Furniture and Equipment	207,726	61,884	-	-	(46,913)	222,697
Information and Communication Technology	219,228	68,029	-	-	(103,788)	183,469
Motor Vehicles	84,647	-	-	-	(25,906)	58,741
Leased Assets	156,952	226,927	-	-	(140,350)	243,529
Library Resources	54,627	13,734	(3,395)	-	(8,121)	56,845
Balance at 31 December 2022	1,054,852	370,574	(3,395)	_	(344,478)	1,077,553

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$243,529 (2021: \$156,952)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions relating to the above noted finance leases, there are no other restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022 Cost or Valuation	2022 Accumulated Depreciation	2022 Net Book Value	2021 Cost or Valuation	2021 Accumulated Depreciation	2021 Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building Improvements	614,651	(302,379)	312,272	614,651	(282,979)	331,672
Furniture and Equipment	2,050,999	(1,828,302)	222,697	1,989,114	(1,781,388)	207,726
Information and Communication Technology	2,714,035	(2,530,566)	183,469	2,646,006	(2,426,778)	219,228
Motor Vehicles	323,506	(264,765)	58,741	323,506	(238,859)	84,647
Leased Assets	497,818	(254,289)	243,529	561,632	(404,680)	156,952
Library Resources	160,785	(103,940)	56,845	156,796	(102,169)	54,627
Balance at 31 December	6,361,794	(5,284,241)	1,077,553	6,291,705	(5,236,853)	1,054,852

12. Accounts Payable

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	236,949	211,715	211,715
Accruals	6,069	5,892	5,892
Banking Staffing Overuse	-	27,927	27,927
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	797,286	766,569	766,569
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	100,213	90,701	90,701
	1,140,517	1,102,804	1,102,804
Payables for Exchange Transactions	1,140,517	1,102,804	1,102,804
•	1,140,517	1,102,804	1,102,804

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

13. Revenue Received in Advance

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	-	38,077	38,077
International Student Fees in Advance	146,287	12,941	12,941
Other Revenue in Advance	124,049	153,395	177,956
	270,336	204,413	228,974
14. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	2022 Actual		2021 Actual
		Budget	
Provision at the Start of the Year	Actual	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual
Provision at the Start of the Year Increase to the Provision During the Year	Actual \$	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual
	Actual \$ 237,165	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ -
Increase to the Provision During the Year	Actual \$ 237,165 25,791	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ - 238,214
Increase to the Provision During the Year Other Adjustments	Actual \$ 237,165 25,791	Budget (Unaudited) \$	Actual \$ -

The School's cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting & other significant cyclical maintenance work to be undertaken. The costs associated with this annual work will vary depending on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the School's most recent 10 Year Property plan, adjusted as identified and confirmed appropriate by the Board, to other reliable sources of evidence.

136,993 223,732

135,126

237,165

135,126

237,165

15. Finance Lease Liability

Cyclical Maintenance - Non current

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	93,986	109,090	119,694
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	176,892	39,797	39,797
Future Finance Charges	(34,236)	(9,755)	(9,755)
	236,642	139,132	149,736
Represented by:			
Finance lease liability - Current	77,475	101,920	112,524
Finance lease liability - Non current	159,167	37,212	37,212
	236,642	139,132	149,736
16. Funds Held in Trust			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Current	174,961	161,994	183,516
	174,961	161,994	183,516

These funds relate to arrangements where the School is acting as an agent. These amounts are not revenue or expenditure of the school and therefore are not included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



17. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 7.

	2022	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Music Suite Flood		13,735	-	-	(13,735)	-
Gymnasium Upgrade		(20,606)	1,919	-	18,687	-
Change Table replacement		2,000	-	-	(2,000)	-
Visual Impairment modifications		20,925	261	(21,186)	-	_
Totals		16,054	2,180	(21,186)	2,952	-

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

	2021	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Music Suite Flood		13,735	-	-	-	13,735
Gymnasium Upgrade		(19,970)	-	(636)	-	(20,606)
Change Table replacement		-	12,798	(10,798)	-	2,000
Visual Impairment modifications		-	31,745	(10,820)	-	20,925
Totals		(6,235)	44,543	(22,254)	-	16,054

Represented by:

Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

36,660 (20,606)

18. Funds Held on Behalf of the Ashburton Schools' Transport Network Cluster

Ashburton College is the lead school and holds funds on behalf of the Ashburton Schools' Transport Network cluster, a group of schools funded by the Ministry of Education to share school transport network.

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held at Beginning of the Year	153,115	153,115	222,142
Funds Received from Cluster Members	63,858	-	42,071
Funds Received from Ministry of Education	2,537,826	8,007	2,386,851
Distribution	(246,796)	-	(442,511)
Funds Spent on Behalf of the Cluster	(2,145,131)	-	(2,055,438)
Funds Held at Year End	362,872	161,122	153,115

19. Funds Held on Behalf of the Alternative Education Cluster

Ashburton College is the lead school and holds funds on behalf of the Alternative Education cluster, a group of schools funded by the Ministry of Education for students whose educational needs are not being met in the usual secondary school environment.

	2022	2022	2021
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held at Beginning of the Year	46,988	46,988	56,285
Funds Received from Cluster Members	-	-	839
Funds Received from Ministry of Education	204,270	-	198,509
Funds Spent on Behalf of the Cluster	(225,124)	**	(208,645)
Funds Held at Year End	26,134	46,988	46,988

20. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

21. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Executive Officer.

Decard Meanless	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	4,757	4,909
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	723,541	694,475
Full-time equivalent members	5.00	5.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	728,298	699,384

There are 8 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has 2 Finance and Property members that meet monthly and quarterly respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	Actual \$000	Actual \$000
Salary and Other Payments	190 - 200	180 - 190
Benefits and Other Emoluments	30 - 40	30 - 40
Termination Benefits	0 - 0	0 - 0

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2022 FTE Number	2021 FTE Number
100 -110	10.00	12.00
110 -120	8.00	4.00
120 - 130	4.00	3.00
130 - 140	2.00	1.00
140 - 150	-	1.00
-	24.00	21.00

2022

2021

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

22. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022	!	2021	
	Actua	al	Actual	
Total	\$	- 9	5	-
Number of People		_		



23. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets except as noted below as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance - schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

Additional funding wash up payment

The Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. The School has not been notified of the final wash up calculation relating to 31 December 2022. The final calculations impact on the financial statements is unable to be determined at the date of reporting.

24. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into the following contract agreements for capital works.

- (a) \$50,000 contract to have the Mini Gym upgraded as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$44,575 has been received and \$63,262 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry; and
- (b) \$14,000 contract to replace the adult change table as agent for the Ministry of Education. This project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$12,798 has been received and \$10,798 has been spent on the project to balance date. This project has been approved by the Ministry.
- (c) The Board has committed to contribute \$150,000 to a Ministry project for the completion of the school pool in 2022. This is to be recorded as a Board donation contribution at that time.

(Capital commitments in relation to Ministry projects at 31 December 2021: \$16,054)

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has not entered into any operating contracts.

(a) operating lease for a EFT-Pos, VisTab and Hail IM;

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
No later than One Year	4,786	4,666
Later than One Year and No Later than Five Years	2,788	6,156
	7,574	10,822

The total lease payments incurred during the period were \$4,786 (2021: \$4,666).

(Operating commitments at 31 December 2021: nil)

25. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cos	t
--	---

rinancial assets measured at amortised cost			
	2022	2022	2021
		Budget	
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,658,917	1,122,574	902,023
Receivables	741,470	830,844	830,844
Investments - Term Deposits	2,129,962	1,495,000	1,482,004
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	4,530,349	3,448,418	3,214,871
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	1,140,517	1,102,804	1,102,804
Finance Leases	236,642	139,132	149,736
Total Financial liabilities measured at amortised Cost	1,377,159	1,241,936	1,252,540

26. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

27. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF ASHBURTON COLLEGE'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Ashburton College (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Mike Hoshek, using the staff and resources of Deloitte Limited, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 3 to 20, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - o its financial position as at 31 December 2022; and
 - its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 30 May 2023. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient
 and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting
 from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the school payroll system, which may still contain errors.
 As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Statement of Responsibility, the Members of the Board, the Analysis of Varaince, the Kiwisport Statement, and the Statement of Compliance with Employment Policies but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Mike Hoshek

Deloitte Limited
On behalf of the Auditor-General

Christchurch, New Zealand